

HYGIENE SYSTEM



Biogiene-Air Test Data

Bacterial communities on restroom floors, urinals and toilets are known to produce foul-odour compounds, such as volatile fatty acids (VFAs). Spraying with Biogiene-Air lowered the levels of the VFAs propionic acid, butyric acid and valeric acid within 30 minutes, and at the same time produced acetic acid. Biogiene-Air thus removes the source of the foul odours within 30 minutes, leaving behind a fresher smell.

One can of Biogiene-Air (243 ml) contains 150 trillion viable cells of a Probiotic Blend, including endospore-forming bacterium. Being an endospore-producer, the bacterium is resistant to harsh conditions and has the ability to populate restrooms within 30 minutes.

The bacterium in Biogiene-Air feeds on no less than 35 different sugars. Spraying of Biogiene-Air onto restroom floors, urinals and toilets resulted in up to 100,000-fold killing of the following bacteria (many of which are considered pathogens) within 30 minutes: Bacillus cereus, Lactobacillus spp., Escherichia coli, Staphylococcus aureus, Prevotella spp., Bifidobacterium spp. Bacteroides spp., Enterococcus faecalis, Enterococcus faecium, Clostridium butyricum, Propionibactreium acidipropionici, Campylobacter jejuni, Acetobacter aceti and Salmonella spp. This resulted in drastic changes of the bacterial communities on floors, urinals and toilets.

Lowering of bacterial cell numbers and shifts in bacterial communities is a clear indication that the bacterium in Biogiene-Air drastically reduces the development of and even eradicates the odour causing bacteria in restrooms.

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The strains concerned are naturally occurring and are not genetically modified. They have been used as probiotics in other applications for a number of years and safety has been confirmed by:

- O Cytotoxicity tests on Vero cells showing the strains to be non-toxigenic.
- Lack of significant reduction in mobility during sperm mobility tests.
- Lack of haemolysis.
- Antibiotic susceptibility testing showing minimum inhibitory concentrations (MICs) to be below relevant cut-off values or within acceptable variation.

Hence these strains meet the requirements of the Qualified Presumption of Safety (QPS) approach and can be considered safe for consumers and the environment.

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